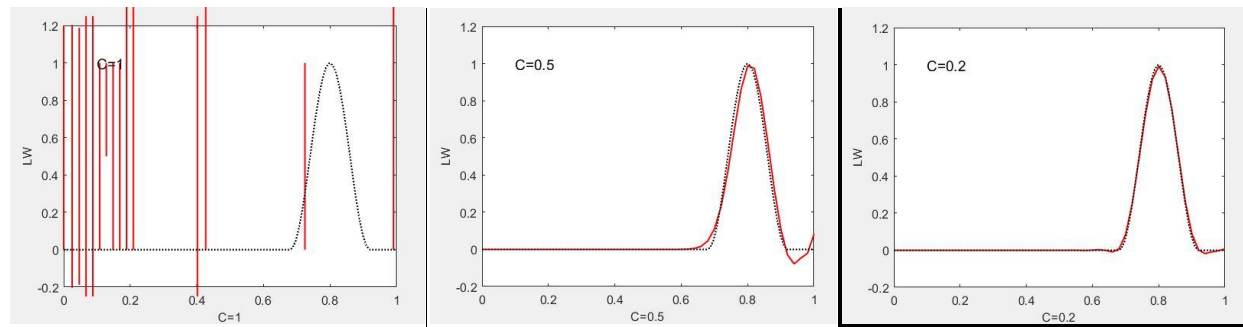


FINITE ELEMENTS IN FLUIDS

ASSIGNMENT5- PROPAGATION OF A COSINE PROFILE

-By Anurag Bhattacharjee

Second Order Lax Wendroff Method



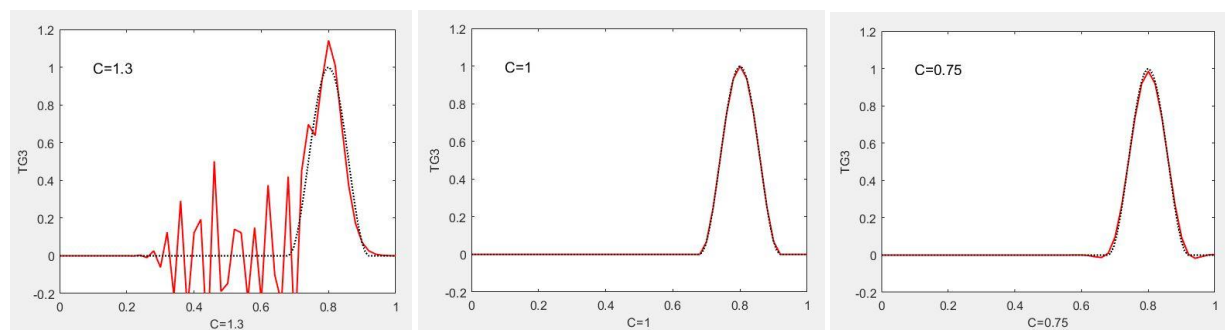
C=1

C=0.5

C=0.2

The second order Lax Wendroff method is an explicit method with stability criteria of $C^2 < 1/3$. The plots obtained from the code provided appears to be in accordance with the theory. Highly unstable for $C^2 > 1/3$. Relative Phase error rises slightly for $C=0.5$ and is stable for lower values of Courant number which can be seen from the above plots.

Third Order Explicit Taylor Galerkin Method



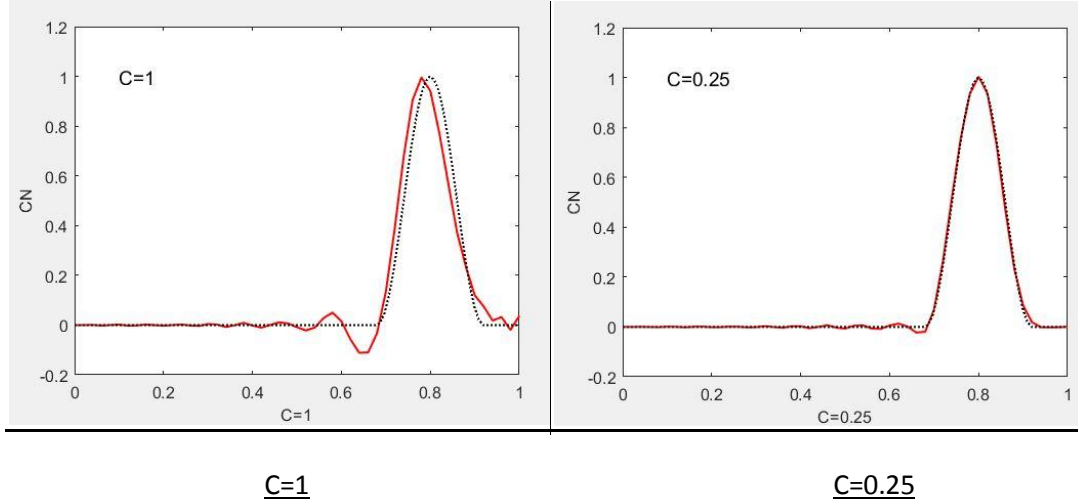
C=1.3

C=1

C=0.75

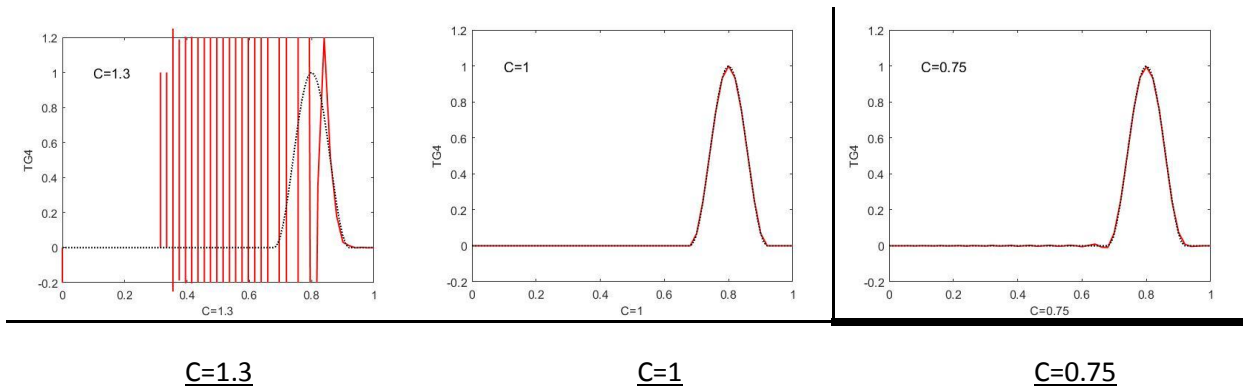
The third order explicit Taylor Galerkin formulation has stability criteria of $C^2 \leq 1$. As can be verified from the above plots it is unstable for values greater than 1 and gives exact solution for $C^2=1$. However, in accordance with the theory there is a slight relative phase error for $C=0.75$ which can be seen at the tip of the plot for $C=0.75$.

Second Order Crank Nicolson Method



Even though Crank Nicolson is second order implicit method we still find oscillations for $C=1$. This supports the theory which states that Crank-Nicolson + Galerkin formulation shows decreasing accuracy for higher time steps. For lower time steps $C=0.25$ the result is relatively much more stable.

Fourth Order Implicit Taylor Galerkin Method



The fourth order Taylor Galerkin method behaves as expected. Gives stable solutions for $C^2 \leq 1$. From the plot we also see that for $C=1$, we get a perfect match which is due to its fourth order of accuracy. However, we find that slight oscillations appear for lower values of C which can be probably attributed to its increase in phase error for lower time steps or low values of C .